This is a *closed-book*, *closed-computer*, *open-mind* written exam. You are **not** to discuss the questions on this exam until after it is returned in class.

Write your name, clearly, on your exam.

Answer questions in the spaces provided; if you need additional space, continue on the *back* of an exam page or on *another piece of paper* **after** marking down what question is being answered. Read the **entire** exam, *carefully*, before you start answering questions. This lets you allot your time appropriately. It also helps you see related questions.

There are a total of 100 points on this

- 1. (5 points) Give the **definition** of the
- 2. Consider the Java regular expression: [0-9A-Fa-f]+. Which of the following strings (quotes are not part of the string) would **match** that regular expression? That is, where

```
Pattern.compile("[0-9A-Fa-f]+").matcher(string).matches() returns true.
```

```
(a) (3 points) ""
```

- (b) (3 points) "deadbeef"
- (c) (3 points) "Hex numbers are fun!"
- (d) (3 points) "xyzzy"
- (e) (3 points) "<<< 1aF2dc"
- 3. (10 points) Write a reverseArray function that takes an array of String and an activeCount (the number of elements in the array that are actually in use) and reverse the order of the elements.

```
public void reversArray(String [] A, int activeCount) { ... } // your job
```

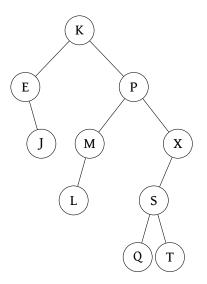
4. (10 points) Write a reverseTree function, part of the BST class that swaps left and right children for all nodes, basically reversing the BST property in the tree:

```
public void reverseTree() { reverseTree(root); }
private void reverseTree(BSTNode curr) { ... } // your job
```

- 5. The following questions refer to a binary search tree containing letters, sorted in standard alphabetic order.
 - (a) (9 points) **Draw** the BST resulting from inserting the following letters in the given order.

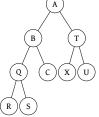
MFTQVBKODAVSLJ

- (b) (3 points) What is the **height** of the resulting tree?
- (c) (3 points) Are there any letters that could be inserted in the tree that would not increase its height? If so, what are they? If not, justify your answer.
- 6. Consider the following *binary search tree* and a delete method that swaps with a node's *successor* when swapping is necessary.

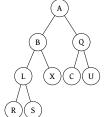


- (a) (5 points) How many *leaves* are there in this tree?
- (b) (5 points) **Draw** the BST resulting from the deletion of the node labeled M.
- (c) (10 points) **Draw** the BST resulting from the deletion of the node labeled P from the *original* (still has M) tree.
- 7. Each of the following trees is either a *binary search tree*, a *min-heap*, a *max-heap*, or none of the above. **Label** each.

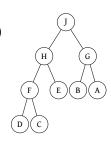
(a) (5 points)



(b) (5 points)



(c) (5 points)



(d) (10 points) Copy the first (by part letter) *heap* into the array below using the technique used to store a binary tree in an array.